

# ABCG2 Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AP50950

## Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	<a href="#">Q9UNQ0</a>
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	72314

## Additional Information

Gene ID	9429
Other Names	ATP-binding cassette sub-family G member 2, Breast cancer resistance protein, CDw338, Mitoxantrone resistance-associated protein, Placenta-specific ATP-binding cassette transporter, Urate exporter, CD338, ABCG2, ABCP, BCRP, BCRP1, MXR
Target/Specificity	KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the center region of human ABCG2. The exact sequence is proprietary.
Dilution	WB~~1:1000
Format	0.01M PBS, pH 7.2, 0.09% (W/V) Sodium azide, Glycerol 50%
Storage	Store at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

## Protein Information

Name	ABCG2 ( <a href="#">HGNC:74</a> )
Synonyms	ABCP, BCRP, BCRP1, MXR
Function	Broad substrate specificity ATP-dependent transporter of the ATP-binding cassette (ABC) family that actively extrudes a wide variety of physiological compounds, dietary toxins and xenobiotics from cells (PubMed: <a href="#">11306452</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">12958161</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">19506252</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">20705604</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">28554189</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">30405239</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">31003562</a> ). Involved in porphyrin homeostasis, mediating the export of protoporphyrin IX (PPIX) from both mitochondria to cytosol and cytosol to extracellular space, it also functions in the cellular export of heme (PubMed: <a href="#">20705604</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">23189181</a> ). Also mediates the efflux of sphingosine-1-P from cells (PubMed: <a href="#">20110355</a> ). Acts as a urate exporter functioning in both renal and extrarenal urate excretion (PubMed: <a href="#">19506252</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">20368174</a> ,

PubMed:[22132962](#), PubMed:[31003562](#), PubMed:[36749388](#)). In kidney, it also functions as a physiological exporter of the uremic toxin indoxyl sulfate (By similarity). Also involved in the excretion of steroids like estrone 3-sulfate/E1S, 3beta-sulfooxy-androst-5-en-17-one/DHEAS, and other sulfate conjugates (PubMed:[12682043](#), PubMed:[28554189](#), PubMed:[30405239](#)). Mediates the secretion of the vitamins riboflavin and biotin into milk (By similarity). Involved in the excretion of the riboflavin-derived compound lumichrome into the intestinal lumen and in its secretion into milk (PubMed:[39337371](#)). Extrudes pheophorbide a, a phototoxic porphyrin catabolite of chlorophyll, reducing its bioavailability (By similarity). Plays an important role in the exclusion of xenobiotics from the brain (Probable). It confers to cells a resistance to multiple drugs and other xenobiotics including mitoxantrone, pheophorbide, camptothecin, methotrexate, azidothymidine, and the anthracyclines daunorubicin and doxorubicin, through the control of their efflux (PubMed:[11306452](#), PubMed:[12477054](#), PubMed:[15670731](#), PubMed:[18056989](#), PubMed:[31254042](#)). In placenta, it limits the penetration of drugs from the maternal plasma into the fetus (By similarity). May play a role in early stem cell self-renewal by blocking differentiation (By similarity). In inflammatory macrophages, exports itaconate from the cytosol to the extracellular compartment and limits the activation of TFEB-dependent lysosome biogenesis involved in antibacterial innate immune response.

#### Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Apical cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Mitochondrion membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Note=Enriched in membrane lipid rafts

#### Tissue Location

Highly expressed in placenta (PubMed:9850061). Low expression in small intestine, liver and colon (PubMed:9861027) Expressed in brain (at protein level) (PubMed:12958161)

## Background

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High-capacity urate exporter functioning in both renal and extrarenal urate excretion. Plays a role in porphyrin homeostasis as it is able to mediate the export of protoporphyrin IX (PPIX) both from mitochondria to cytosol and from cytosol to extracellular space, and cellular export of heme, and heme. Xenobiotic transporter that may play an important role in the exclusion of xenobiotics from the brain. Appears to play a major role in the multidrug resistance phenotype of several cancer cell lines. Implicated in the efflux of numerous drugs and xenobiotics: mitoxantrone, the photosensitizer pheophorbide, camptothecin, methotrexate, azidothymidine (AZT), and the anthracyclines daunorubicin and doxorubicin.

## References

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Allikmets R., et al. *Cancer Res.* 58:5337-5339(1998).  
 Doyle L.A., et al. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.* 95:15665-15670(1998).  
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 Kage K., et al. Submitted (MAR-2001) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.  
 Komatani H., et al. *Cancer Res.* 61:2827-2832(2001).

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