

Beta tubulin Rabbit pAb, Loading Control

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Catalog # AP50855

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P, IHC-F, IF
Primary Accession	P07437
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	49671
Physical State	Liquid
Immunogen	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human tubulin Beta 61-160/444
Epitope Specificity	
Isotype	IgG
Purity	affinity purified by Protein A
Buffer	0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
SUBCELLULAR LOCATION	Cytoplasmic, cytoskeleton.
SIMILARITY	Belongs to the tubulin family.
SUBUNIT	Dimer of alpha and beta chains. May interact with RNABP10. Interacts with PIFO. Interacts with MX1.
Post-translational modifications	Some glutamate residues at the C-terminus are polyglutamylated. This modification occurs exclusively on glutamate residues and results in polyglutamate chains on the gamma-carboxyl group. Also monoglycylated but not polyglycylated due to the absence of functional TTLL10 in human. Monoglycation is mainly limited to tubulin incorporated into axonemes (cilia and flagella) whereas glutamylation is prevalent in neuronal cells, centrioles, axonemes, and the mitotic spindle. Both modifications can coexist on the same protein on adjacent residues, and lowering glycation levels increases polyglutamylation, and reciprocally. The precise function of such modifications is still unclear but they regulate the assembly and dynamics of axonemal microtubules (Probable).
Important Note	This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.
Background Descriptions	This gene encodes a beta tubulin protein. This protein forms a dimer with alpha tubulin and acts as a structural component of microtubules. Mutations in this gene cause cortical dysplasia, complex, with other brain malformations 6. Alternative splicing results in multiple splice variants. There are multiple pseudogenes for this gene on chromosomes 1, 6, 7, 8, 9, and 13. [provided by RefSeq, Jun 2014]

Additional Information

Gene ID	203068
Other Names	Tubulin beta chain, Tubulin beta-5 chain, TUBB, TUBB5

Target/Specificity	Ubiquitously expressed with highest levels in spleen, thymus and immature brain.
Dilution	WB=1:10000-100000,IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,IF=1:100-500,Flow-Cyt =1ug/Test
Storage	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

Protein Information

Name	TUBB
Synonyms	TUBB5
Function	Tubulin is the major constituent of microtubules, a cylinder consisting of laterally associated linear protofilaments composed of alpha- and beta-tubulin heterodimers. Microtubules grow by the addition of GTP-tubulin dimers to the microtubule end, where a stabilizing cap forms. Below the cap, tubulin dimers are in GDP-bound state, owing to GTPase activity of alpha-tubulin.
Cellular Location	Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton
Tissue Location	Ubiquitously expressed with highest levels in spleen, thymus and immature brain.

Background

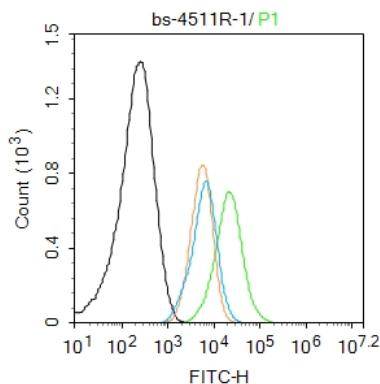
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References

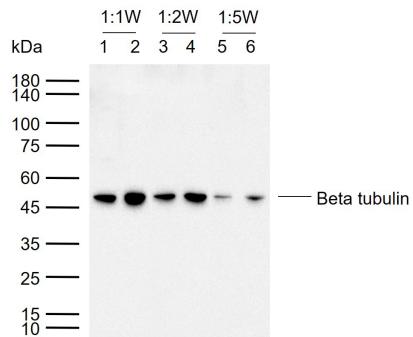
Lee M.G.-S.,et al.Cell 33:477-487(1983).
 Hall J.L.,et al.Mol. Cell. Biol. 3:854-862(1983).
 Crabtree D.V.,et al.Bioorg. Med. Chem. 9:1967-1976(2001).
 Yu W.,et al.Submitted (JUN-1998) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.
 Shiina S.,et al.Submitted (SEP-1999) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.

Images

Blank control:HL-60.
 Primary Antibody (green line): Rabbit Anti-Beta tubulin antibody (AP50855)
 Dilution: 1 µg /10⁶ cells;
 Isotype Control Antibody (orange line): Rabbit IgG .
 Secondary Antibody : Goat anti-rabbit IgG-AF488
 Dilution: 1 µg /test.
 Protocol



The cells were fixed with 4% PFA (10min at room temperature) and then permeabilized with 0.1%PBST for 20 min at room temperature. The cells were then incubated in 5%BSA to block non-specific protein-protein interactions for 30 min at room temperature. Cells stained with Primary Antibody for 30 min at room temperature. The secondary antibody used for 40 min at room temperature. Acquisition of 20,000 events was performed.



Sample:

Lane 1,3,5: Mouse Cerebellum tissue lysates

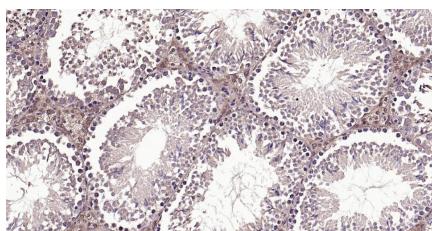
Lane 2,4,6: Rat Cerebellum tissue lysates

Primary: Anti-Beta tubulin (AP50855) at 1/10000~1/50000 dilution

Secondary: HRP conjugated Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution

Predicted band size: 50 kDa

Observed band size: 48 kDa



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded Mouse Testicles; Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15 min; Antibody incubation with Beta tubulin Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (AP50855) at 1:200 overnight at 4°C, followed by conjugation to the SP Kit (Rabbit, SP-0023) and DAB (C-0010) staining.

Citations

- [Single-walled carbon-nanohorns improve biocompatibility over nanotubes by triggering less protein-initiated pyroptosis and apoptosis in macrophages.](#)

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