

# Phospho-RGS19(S24) Antibody

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP3396a

#### **Product Information**

**Application** DB, E **Primary Accession** P49795 Reactivity Human Host Rabbit Clonality Polyclonal Isotype Rabbit IgG **Clone Names** RB11890 **Calculated MW** 24636

#### **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 10287

Other Names Regulator of G-protein signaling 19, RGS19, G-alpha-interacting protein, GAIP,

RGS19, GAIP, GNAI3IP

Target/Specificity This RGS19 Antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to amino acid residues

surrounding S24 of human RGS19.

**Dilution** DB~~1:500 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

**Format** Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions** Phospho-RGS19(S24) Antibody is for research use only and not for use in

diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

#### **Protein Information**

Name RGS19

**Synonyms** GAIP, GNAI3IP

**Function** Inhibits signal transduction by increasing the GTPase activity of G protein

alpha subunits thereby driving them into their inactive GDP-bound form. Binds to G-alpha subfamily 1 members, with the order G(i)a3 > G(i)a1 > G(o)a

>> G(z)a/G(i)a2. Activity on G(z)-alpha is inhibited by phosphorylation and

palmitoylation of the G-protein.

**Cellular Location** Membrane; Lipid-anchor.

**Tissue Location** Highest expression in lung. Placenta, liver and heart also express high levels

of GAIP

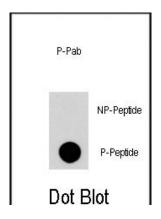
### **Background**

Macroautophagy is the major inducible pathway for the general turnover of cytoplasmic constituents in eukaryotic cells, it is also responsible for the degradation of active cytoplasmic enzymes and organelles during nutrient starvation. Macroautophagy involves the formation of double-membrane bound autophagosomes which enclose the cytoplasmic constituent targeted for degradation in a membrane bound structure, which then fuse with the lysosome (or vacuole) releasing a single-membrane bound autophagic bodies which are then degraded within the lysosome (or vacuole). RGS19 enhances the intrinsic GTPase-activating protein activity of the Galphai3 protein, which stimulates autophagy by favoring the GDP-bound form of Galphai3.

#### References

Baehrecke EH. Nat Rev Mol Cell Biol. 6(6):505-10. (2005) Lum JJ, et al. Nat Rev Mol Cell Biol. 6(6):439-48. (2005) Greenberg JT. Dev Cell. 8(6):799-801. (2005) Levine B. Cell. 120(2):159-62. (2005) Shintani T and Klionsky DJ. Science. 306(5698):990-5. (2004) de Vries L., et al. PNAS 93:15203-15208(1996) de Alba E., et al. J. Mol. Biol. 291:927-939(1999) Wang J., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 273:26014-26025(1998) Ogier-Denis E., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 275:39090-39095(2000)

## **Images**



Dot blot analysis of Phospho-RGS19-S24 Antibody (Cat.#AP3396a) on nitrocellulose membrane. 50ng of Phospho-peptide or Non Phospho-peptide per dot were adsorbed. Antibody working concentrations are 0.5ug per ml.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.