

S adenosylhomocysteine hydrolase (ACHY) Antibody (C-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP2733b

Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P, E **Primary Accession** P23526 Q4R596 Other Accession Reactivity Human **Predicted** Monkey Host Rabbit Clonality **Polyclonal** Isotype Rabbit IgG **Clone Names** RB14982 **Calculated MW** 47716 **Antigen Region** 407-432

Additional Information

Gene ID 191

Other Names Adenosylhomocysteinase, AdoHcyase, S-adenosyl-L-homocysteine hydrolase,

AHCY, SAHH

Target/Specificity This S adenosylhomocysteine hydrolase (ACHY) antibody is generated from

rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 407-432 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human S adenosylhomocysteine

hydrolase (ACHY).

Dilution WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:100~500 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation

followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions S adenosylhomocysteine hydrolase (ACHY) Antibody (C-term) is for research

use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name AHCY

Synonyms SAHH

Function Catalyzes the hydrolysis of S-adenosyl-L-homocysteine to form adenosine

and homocysteine (PubMed: 10933798). Binds copper ions (By similarity).

Cellular Location Cytoplasm. Melanosome. Nucleus. Endoplasmic reticulum. Note=Identified by

mass spectrometry in melanosome fractions from stage I to stage IV

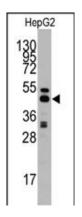
Background

S-adenosylhomocysteine hydrolase (AHCY) catalyzes the reversible hydrolysis of S-adenosylhomocysteine (AdoHcy) to adenosine (Ado) and L-homocysteine (Hcy). Thus, it regulates the intracellular S-adenosylhomocysteine (SAH) concentration thought to be important for transmethylation reactions. Deficiency in this protein is one of the different causes of hypermethioninemia. S-adenosylhomocysteine hydrolase belongs to the adenosylhomocysteinase family.

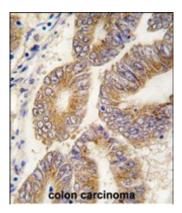
References

Yideng, J., DNA Cell Biol. 26 (8), 603-611 (2007) Arredondo-Vega, F.X., Ann. Hum. Genet. 53 (PT 2), 157-167 (1989) Li, Q.S., Biochemistry 47 (17), 4983-4991 (2008)

Images



Western blot analysis of anti-AHCY Antibody (C-term)(Cat.#AP2733b) in HepG2 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). AHCY(arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human colon carcinoma tissue reacted with AHCY antibody (C-term) (Cat.#AP2733b), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.