

GRIN2B Antibody (C-Term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AP21859b

Product Information

Application	WB, E
Primary Accession	Q13224
Other Accession	Q01097 , Q00960
Reactivity	Human, Rat, Mouse
Predicted	Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Clone Names	RB54089
Calculated MW	166367

Additional Information

Gene ID	2904
Other Names	Glutamate receptor ionotropic, NMDA 2B, GluN2B, Glutamate [NMDA] receptor subunit epsilon-2, N-methyl D-aspartate receptor subtype 2B, NMDAR2B, NR2B, N-methyl-D-aspartate receptor subunit 3, NR3, hNR3, GRIN2B, NMDAR2B
Target/Specificity	This GRIN2B antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 1300-1332 amino acids from human GRIN2B.
Dilution	WB~~1:500 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Format	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	GRIN2B Antibody (C-Term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	GRIN2B {ECO:0000303 Ref.3, ECO:0000312 HGNC:HGNC:4586}
Function	Component of N-methyl-D-aspartate (NMDA) receptors (NMDARs) that

function as heterotetrameric, ligand-gated cation channels with high calcium permeability and voltage-dependent block by Mg^{2+} (PubMed:[24272827](#), PubMed:[24863970](#), PubMed:[26875626](#), PubMed:[26919761](#), PubMed:[27839871](#), PubMed:[28095420](#), PubMed:[28126851](#), PubMed:[38538865](#), PubMed:[8768735](#)). Participates in synaptic plasticity for learning and memory formation by contributing to the long-term depression (LTD) of hippocampus membrane currents (By similarity). Channel activation requires binding of the neurotransmitter L-glutamate to the GluN2 subunit, glycine or D-serine binding to the GluN1 subunit, plus membrane depolarization to eliminate channel inhibition by Mg^{2+} (PubMed:[24272827](#), PubMed:[24863970](#), PubMed:[26875626](#), PubMed:[26919761](#), PubMed:[27839871](#), PubMed:[28095420](#), PubMed:[28126851](#), PubMed:[38538865](#), PubMed:[8768735](#)). NMDARs mediate simultaneously the potassium efflux and the influx of calcium and sodium (By similarity). Each GluN2 subunit confers differential attributes to channel properties, including activation, deactivation and desensitization kinetics, pH sensitivity, Ca^{2+} permeability, and binding to allosteric modulators (PubMed:[26875626](#), PubMed:[28095420](#), PubMed:[28126851](#), PubMed:[38538865](#), PubMed:[8768735](#)). In concert with DAPK1 at extrasynaptic sites, acts as a central mediator for stroke damage. Its phosphorylation at Ser-1303 by DAPK1 enhances synaptic NMDA receptor channel activity inducing injurious Ca^{2+} influx through them, resulting in an irreversible neuronal death (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Postsynaptic cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q00960}; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell projection, dendrite. Late endosome {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q01097}. Lysosome {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q01097}. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q01097}. Note=Co-localizes with the motor protein KIF17 along microtubules. {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q01097}

Tissue Location

Primarily found in the fronto-parieto-temporal cortex and hippocampus pyramidal cells, lower expression in the basal ganglia.

Background

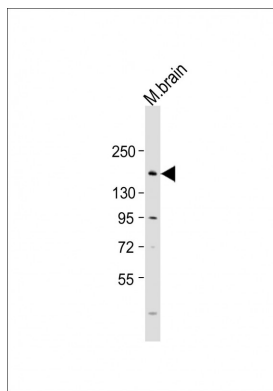
NMDA receptor subtype of glutamate-gated ion channels with high calcium permeability and voltage-dependent sensitivity to magnesium. Mediated by glycine. In concert with DAPK1 at extrasynaptic sites, acts as a central mediator for stroke damage. Its phosphorylation at Ser-1303 by DAPK1 enhances synaptic NMDA receptor channel activity inducing injurious Ca^{2+} influx through them, resulting in an irreversible neuronal death (By similarity).

References

Adams S.L.,et al.Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1260:105-108(1995).
Hess S.D.,et al.J. Pharmacol. Exp. Ther. 278:808-816(1996).
Mandich P.,et al.Submitted (FEB-1997) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.
Mandich P.,et al.Genomics 22:216-218(1994).
Schito A.M.,et al.Neurosci. Lett. 239:49-53(1997).

Images

Anti-GRIN2B Antibody (C-Term) at 1:500 dilution + mouse brain lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 μ g per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at



1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 166 kDa
Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDN/TBST.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.