

(Mouse) Med15 Antibody (C-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP21287b

Product Information

Application WB, E
Primary Accession Q924H2

Reactivity Human, Rat, Mouse

Host Rabbit
Clonality polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Clone Names RB51972
Calculated MW 86607

Additional Information

Gene ID 94112

Other Names Mediator of RNA polymerase II transcription subunit 15, Mediator complex

subunit 15, Positive cofactor 2 glutamine/Q-rich-associated protein, PC2

glutamine/Q-rich-associated protein, mPcqap, Med15, Pcqap

Target/SpecificityThis Mouse Med15 antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 743-779 amino acids from the

C-terminal region of Mouse Med15.

Dilution WB~~1:2000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions (Mouse) Med15 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in

diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name Med15

Synonyms Pcqap

Function Component of the Mediator complex, a coactivator involved in the

regulated transcription of nearly all RNA polymerase II-dependent genes.

Mediator functions as a bridge to convey information from gene- specific regulatory proteins to the basal RNA polymerase II transcription machinery. Mediator is recruited to promoters by direct interactions with regulatory proteins and serves as a scaffold for the assembly of a functional preinitiation complex with RNA polymerase II and the general transcription factors. Required for cholesterol- dependent gene regulation. Positively regulates the Nodal signaling pathway (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus.

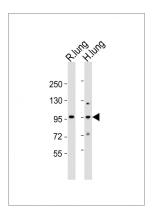
Background

Component of the Mediator complex, a coactivator involved in the regulated transcription of nearly all RNA polymerase II-dependent genes. Mediator functions as a bridge to convey information from gene-specific regulatory proteins to the basal RNA polymerase II transcription machinery. Mediator is recruited to promoters by direct interactions with regulatory proteins and serves as a scaffold for the assembly of a functional preinitiation complex with RNA polymerase II and the general transcription factors. Required for cholesterol-dependent gene regulation. Positively regulates the Nodal signaling pathway (By similarity).

References

Berti L., et al. Genomics 74:320-332(2001).

Images



All lanes: Anti-Med15 Antibody (C-term) at 1:2000 dilution Lane 1: rat lung lysates Lane 2: human lung lysates Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution Predicted band size: 87 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.