

CASQ2 Antibody (Center)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AP19929c

Product Information

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| Application | WB, E |
| Primary Accession | O14958 |
| Other Accession | P31235 , NP_001223.2 |
| Reactivity | Human |
| Predicted | Rabbit |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Clonality | Polyclonal |
| Isotype | Rabbit IgG |
| Clone Names | RB41817 |
| Calculated MW | 46436 |
| Antigen Region | 79-107 |

Additional Information

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|---------------------------|--|
| Gene ID | 845 |
| Other Names | Calsequestrin-2, Calsequestrin, cardiac muscle isoform, CASQ2 |
| Target/Specificity | This CASQ2 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 79-107 amino acids from the Central region of human CASQ2. |
| Dilution | WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration. |
| Format | Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification. |
| Storage | Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles. |
| Precautions | CASQ2 Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures. |

Protein Information

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|-----------------|---|
| Name | CASQ2 |
| Function | Calsequestrin is a high-capacity, moderate affinity, calcium- binding protein and thus acts as an internal calcium store in muscle. Calcium ions are bound by clusters of acidic residues at the protein surface, especially at the interface |

between subunits. Can bind around 60 Ca(2+) ions. Regulates the release of luminal Ca(2+) via the calcium release channel RYR2; this plays an important role in triggering muscle contraction. Plays a role in excitation-contraction coupling in the heart and in regulating the rate of heart beats.

Cellular Location

Sarcoplasmic reticulum lumen {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O09161}. Note=This isoform of calsequestrin occurs in the sarcoplasmic reticulum's terminal cisternae luminal spaces of cardiac and slow skeletal muscle cells {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O09161}

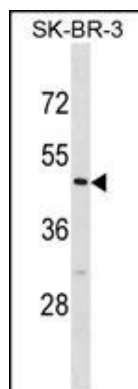
Background

The protein encoded by this gene specifies the cardiac muscle family member of the calsequestrin family. Calsequestrin is localized to the sarcoplasmic reticulum in cardiac and slow skeletal muscle cells. The protein is a calcium binding protein that stores calcium for muscle function. Mutations in this gene cause stress-induced polymorphic ventricular tachycardia, also referred to as catecholaminergic polymorphic ventricular tachycardia 2 (CPVT2), a disease characterized by bidirectional ventricular tachycardia that may lead to cardiac arrest. [provided by RefSeq].

References

Kirchhefer, U., et al. J. Mol. Cell. Cardiol. 49(1):95-105(2010)
Wong, C.H., et al. Forensic Sci. Int. 192 (1-3), 53-55 (2009) :
Liu, J., et al. Am. J. Physiol., Cell Physiol. 297 (1), C152-C159 (2009) :
Hayashi, M., et al. Circulation 119(18):2426-2434(2009)
Wei, L., et al. Cell Calcium 45(5):474-484(2009)

Images



CASQ2 Antibody (Center) (Cat. #AP19929c) western blot analysis in SK-BR-3 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the CASQ2 antibody detected the CASQ2 protein (arrow).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.