

CPT1A Antibody (C-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP14666b

Product Information

Application WB, E **Primary Accession** P50416

Other Accession <u>NP_001027017.1</u>, <u>NP_001867.2</u>

Reactivity Human
Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Clone Names RB34353
Calculated MW 88368
Antigen Region 728-756

Additional Information

Gene ID 1374

Other Names Carnitine O-palmitoyltransferase 1, liver isoform, CPT1-L, Carnitine

O-palmitoyltransferase I, liver isoform, CPT I, CPTI-L, Carnitine

palmitoyltransferase 1A, CPT1A, CPT1

Target/Specificity This CPT1A antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 728-756 amino acids from the

C-terminal region of human CPT1A.

Dilution WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions CPT1A Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic

or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name CPT1A (HGNC:2328)

Synonyms CPT1

Function

Catalyzes the transfer of the acyl group of long-chain fatty acid-CoA conjugates onto carnitine, an essential step for the mitochondrial uptake of long-chain fatty acids and their subsequent beta-oxidation in the mitochondrion (PubMed:11350182, PubMed:14517221, PubMed:16651524, PubMed:9691089). Also possesses a lysine succinyltransferase activity that can regulate enzymatic activity of substrate proteins such as ENO1 and metabolism independent of its classical carnitine O-palmitoyltransferase activity (PubMed:29425493). Plays an important role in hepatic triglyceride metabolism (By similarity). Also plays a role in inducible regulatory T-cell (iTreg) differentiation once activated by butyryl-CoA that antagonizes malonyl-CoA-mediated CPT1A repression (By similarity). Sustains the IFN-I response by recruiting ZDHCC4 to palmitoylate MAVS at the mitochondria leading to MAVS stabilization and activation (PubMed:38016475). Promotes ROS-induced oxidative stress in liver injury via modulation of NFE2L2 and NLRP3-mediated signaling pathways (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Mitochondrion outer membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein

Tissue Location

Strong expression in kidney and heart, and lower in liver and skeletal muscle

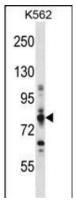
Background

The mitochondrial oxidation of long-chain fatty acids is initiated by the sequential action of carnitine palmitoyltransferase I (which is located in the outer membrane and is detergent-labile) and carnitine palmitoyltransferase II (which is located in the inner membrane and is detergent-stable), together with a carnitine-acylcarnitine translocase. CPT I is the key enzyme in the carnitine-dependent transport across the mitochondrial inner membrane and its deficiency results in a decreased rate of fatty acid beta-oxidation. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.

References

Gessner, B.D., et al. Pediatrics 126(5):945-951(2010) Collins, S.A., et al. Mol. Genet. Metab. 101 (2-3), 200-204 (2010): Bailey, S.D., et al. Diabetes Care 33(10):2250-2253(2010) Song, S., et al. Mol. Cell. Endocrinol. 325 (1-2), 54-63 (2010): Ruano, G., et al. Pharmacogenomics 11(7):959-971(2010)

Images



CPT1A Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP14666b) western blot analysis in K562 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the CPT1A antibody detected the CPT1A protein (arrow).

Citations

• IMM-H007, a new therapeutic candidate for nonalcoholic fatty liver disease, improves hepatic steatosis in hamsters

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.