

FGFRL1 Antibody (N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP12726a

Product Information

Application IHC-P, WB, E Primary Accession Q8N441

Other Accession <u>Q7TQM3</u>, <u>Q91V87</u>, <u>NP 001004358.1</u>

Reactivity Human **Predicted** Mouse, Rat Host Rabbit Clonality Polyclonal Isotype Rabbit IgG **Clone Names** RB32346 54537 **Calculated MW** 131-160 **Antigen Region**

Additional Information

Gene ID 53834

Other Names Fibroblast growth factor receptor-like 1, FGF receptor-like protein 1, FGF

homologous factor receptor, FGFR-like protein, Fibroblast growth factor

receptor 5, FGFR-5, FGFRL1, FGFR5, FHFR

Target/Specificity This FGFRL1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 131-160 amino acids from the

N-terminal region of human FGFRL1.

Dilution IHC-P~~1:100~500 WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions FGFRL1 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in

diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name FGFRL1

Synonyms FGFR5, FHFR

Function Has a negative effect on cell proliferation.

Cellular Location Membrane; Single- pass type I membrane protein Note=Predominantly

localized in the plasma membrane but also detected in the Golgi and in

secretory vesicles

Tissue Location Expressed preferentially in cartilaginous tissues and pancreas. Highly

expressed in the liver, kidney, heart, brain and skeletal muscle. Weakly

expressed in the lung, small intestine and spleen.

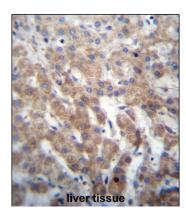
Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the fibroblast growth factor receptor (FGFR) family, where amino acid sequence is highly conserved between members and throughout evolution. FGFR family members differ from one another in their ligand affinities and tissue distribution. A full-length representative protein would consist of an extracellular region, composed of three immunoglobulin-like domains, a single hydrophobic membrane-spanning segment and a cytoplasmic tyrosine kinase domain. The extracellular portion of the protein interacts with fibroblast growth factors, setting in motion a cascade of downstream signals, ultimately influencing mitogenesis and differentiation. A marked difference between this gene product and the other family members is its lack of a cytoplasmic tyrosine kinase domain. The result is a transmembrane receptor that could interact with other family members and potentially inhibit signaling. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding the same isoform have been found for this gene.

References

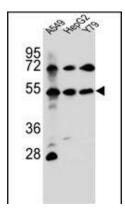
Bailey, S.D., et al. Diabetes Care (2010) In press: Liu, C.Y., et al. Carcinogenesis 31(7):1259-1263(2010) LopezJimenez, N., et al. Hum. Genet. 127(3):325-336(2010) Steinberg, F., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 285(3):2193-2202(2010) Talmud, P.J., et al. Am. J. Hum. Genet. 85(5):628-642(2009)

Images



FGFRL1 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP12726a)immunohistochemistry analysis in formalin fixed and paraffin embedded human liver tissue followed by peroxidase conjugation of the secondary antibody and DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of FGFRL1 Antibody (N-term) for immunohistochemistry. Clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

FGFRL1 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP12726a) western blot analysis in A549, HepG2, Y79 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the FGFRL1 antibody detected the FGFRL1 protein (arrow).



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