

# CD16

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody  
Catalog # AO2716a

## Product Information

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<b>Application</b>	WB, IHC, ICC, E
<b>Primary Accession</b>	<a href="#">P08637</a>
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Host</b>	Mouse
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal
<b>Clone Names</b>	2G10A9
<b>Isotype</b>	Mouse IgG1
<b>Calculated MW</b>	29089
<b>Immunogen</b>	Purified recombinant fragment of human CD16 (AA: extra 17-208) expressed in E. Coli.
<b>Formulation</b>	Purified antibody in PBS with 0.05% sodium azide

## Additional Information

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<b>Gene ID</b>	2214
<b>Other Names</b>	FCGR3A; FCG3; CD16A; FCGR3; IGFR3; IMD20; FCR-10; FCRIII; FCGRIII; FCRIIIA
<b>Dilution</b>	WB~~ 1/500 - 1/2000 IHC~~1:100~500 ICC~~N/A E~~ 1/10000
<b>Storage</b>	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
<b>Precautions</b>	CD16 is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## Protein Information

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<b>Name</b>	FCGR3A {ECO:0000303   PubMed:23006327}
<b>Function</b>	Receptor for the invariable Fc fragment of immunoglobulin gamma (IgG). Optimally activated upon binding of clustered antigen-IgG complexes displayed on cell surfaces, triggers lysis of antibody-coated cells, a process known as antibody-dependent cellular cytotoxicity (ADCC). Does not bind free monomeric IgG, thus avoiding inappropriate effector cell activation in the absence of antigenic trigger (PubMed: <a href="#">11711607</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">21768335</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">22023369</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">24412922</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">25786175</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">25816339</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">28652325</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">8609432</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">9242542</a> ). Mediates IgG effector functions on natural killer (NK) cells. Binds antigen-IgG

complexes generated upon infection and triggers NK cell-dependent cytokine production and degranulation to limit viral load and propagation. Involved in the generation of memory- like adaptive NK cells capable to produce high amounts of IFNG and to efficiently eliminate virus-infected cells via ADCC (PubMed:[24412922](#), PubMed:[25786175](#)). Regulates NK cell survival and proliferation, in particular by preventing NK cell progenitor apoptosis (PubMed:[29967280](#), PubMed:[9916693](#)). Following the engagement of antigen-IgG complexes, triggers phosphorylation of immunoreceptor tyrosine-based activation motif (ITAM)-containing adapters with subsequent activation of phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase signaling and sustained elevation of intracellular calcium that ultimately drive NK cell activation. The ITAM-dependent signaling coupled to receptor phosphorylation by PKC mediates robust intracellular calcium flux that leads to production of pro-inflammatory cytokines, whereas in the absence of receptor phosphorylation it mainly activates phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase signaling leading to cell degranulation (PubMed:[1825220](#), PubMed:[23024279](#), PubMed:[2532305](#)). Costimulates NK cells and trigger lysis of target cells independently of IgG binding (PubMed:[10318937](#), PubMed:[23006327](#)). Mediates the antitumor activities of therapeutic antibodies. Upon ligation on monocytes triggers TNFA-dependent ADCC of IgG-coated tumor cells (PubMed:[27670158](#)). Mediates enhanced opsonisation and ADCC in response to afucosylated IgGs (PubMed:[34485821](#), PubMed:[28566370](#)).

#### Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Secreted. Note=Also exists as a soluble receptor

#### Tissue Location

Expressed in natural killer cells (at protein level) (PubMed:[2526846](#)). Expressed in a subset of circulating monocytes (at protein level) (PubMed:[27670158](#)).

## References

1.Hum Immunol. 2016 Feb;77(2):165-71.2.PLoS One. 2015 Oct 7;10(10):e0140120.

## Images

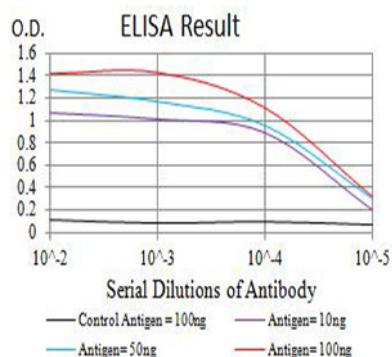


Figure 1:Black line: Control Antigen (100 ng);Purple line: Antigen (10ng); Blue line: Antigen (50 ng); Red line:Antigen (100 ng)

Figure 2:Western blot analysis using CD16 mAb against human CD16 (AA: extra 17-208) recombinant protein. (Expected MW is 47.8 kDa)

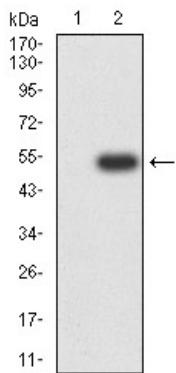
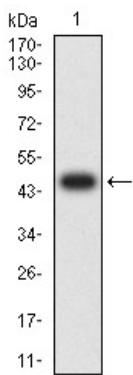


Figure 3:Western blot analysis using CD16 mAb against HEK293 (1) and CD16 (AA: extra 17-208)-hIgGFc transfected HEK293 (2) cell lysate.

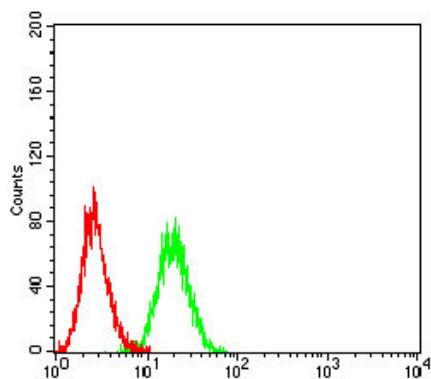


Figure 4:Flow cytometric analysis of Ramos cells using CD16 mouse mAb (green) and negative control (red).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.