

# EZH2 Antibody

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Catalog # AO2015a

#### **Product Information**

**Application** WB, IHC, FC, E **Primary Accession** Q15910 Reactivity Human Host Mouse Monoclonal Clonality **Clone Names** 6G4F4 Isotype IgG1 85363 **Calculated MW** 

**Description** This gene encodes a member of the Polycomb-group (PcG) family. PcG family

members form multimeric protein complexes, which are involved in

maintaining the transcriptional repressive state of genes over successive cell

generations. This protein associates with the embryonic ectoderm

development protein, the VAV1 oncoprotein, and the X-linked nuclear protein.

This protein may play a role in the hematopoietic and central nervous systems. Multiple alternatively splcied transcript variants encoding distinct

isoforms have been identified for this gene.

**Immunogen** Purified recombinant fragment of human EZH2 (AA: 1-194) expressed in E.

Coll.

**Formulation** Purified antibody in PBS with 0.05% sodium azide

### **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 2146

Other Names Histone-lysine N-methyltransferase EZH2, 2.1.1.43, ENX-1, Enhancer of zeste

homolog 2, Lysine N-methyltransferase 6, EZH2, KMT6

Dilution WB~~1/500 - 1/2000 IHC~~1/200 - 1/1000 FC~~1/200 - 1/400 E~~1/1000

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions** EZH2 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or

therapeutic procedures.

#### **Protein Information**

Name EZH2 ( HGNC:3527)

**Synonyms** 

KMT6

**Function** 

Polycomb group (PcG) protein. Catalytic subunit of the PRC2/EED-EZH2 complex, which methylates 'Lys-9' (H3K9me) and 'Lys-27' (H3K27me) of histone H3, leading to transcriptional repression of the affected target gene. Able to mono-, di- and trimethylate 'Lys-27' of histone H3 to form H3K27me1, H3K27me2 and H3K27me3, respectively. Displays a preference for substrates with less methylation, loses activity when progressively more methyl groups are incorporated into H3K27, H3K27me0 > H3K27me1 > H3K27me2 (PubMed: 22323599, PubMed: 30923826). Compared to EZH1-containing complexes, it is more abundant in embryonic stem cells and plays a major role in forming H3K27me3, which is required for embryonic stem cell identity and proper differentiation. The PRC2/EED-EZH2 complex may also serve as a recruiting platform for DNA methyltransferases, thereby linking two epigenetic repression systems. Genes repressed by the PRC2/EED-EZH2 complex include HOXC8, HOXA9, MYT1, CDKN2A and retinoic acid target genes. EZH2 can also methylate non-histone proteins such as the transcription factor GATA4 and the nuclear receptor RORA. Regulates the circadian clock via histone methylation at the promoter of the circadian genes. Essential for the CRY1/2-mediated repression of the transcriptional activation of PER1/2 by the CLOCK-BMAL1 heterodimer; involved in the di and trimethylation of 'Lys-27' of histone H3 on PER1/2 promoters which is necessary for the CRY1/2 proteins to inhibit transcription.

**Cellular Location** 

Nucleus. Note=Localizes to the inactive X chromosome in trophoblast stem cells. {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q61188}

**Tissue Location** 

In the ovary, expressed in primordial follicles and oocytes and also in external follicle cells (at protein level) (PubMed:31451685). Expressed in many tissues (PubMed:14532106) Overexpressed in numerous tumor types including carcinomas of the breast, colon, larynx, lymphoma and testis (PubMed:14532106)

#### References

Int J Gynecol Cancer. 2013 Jul;23(6):997-1005.Cell Cycle. 2013 Jul 1;12(13):2113-9.

## **Images**

