

# **AR Antibody**

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Catalog # AO1224a

#### **Product Information**

**Application** WB, E **Primary Accession** P10275 Reactivity Human Host Mouse Monoclonal Clonality **Clone Names** 1A9D12 Isotype IgG1 **Calculated MW** 99188

**Description** AR: androgen receptor. The androgen receptor gene is more than 90 kb long

and codes for a protein that has 3 major functional domains: the N-terminal domain, DNA-binding domain, and androgen-binding domain. The protein functions as a steroid-hormone activated transcription factor. Upon binding the hormone ligand, the receptor dissociates from accessory proteins, translocates into the nucleus, dimerizes, and then stimulates transcription of androgen responsive genes. This gene contains 2 polymorphic trinucleotide repeat segments that encode polyglutamine and polyglycine tracts in the

N-terminal transactivation domain of its protein. Expansion of the polyglutamine tract causes spinal bulbar muscular atrophy (Kennedy disease).

Mutations in this gene are also associated with complete androgen insensitivity (CAIS). Two alternatively spliced variants encoding distinct

isoforms have been described.

**Immunogen** Purified recombinant fragment of AR (aa689-919) expressed in E. Coli.

**Formulation** Ascitic fluid containing 0.03% sodium azide.

#### **Additional Information**

Gene ID 367

Other Names Androgen receptor, Dihydrotestosterone receptor, Nuclear receptor subfamily

3 group C member 4, AR, DHTR, NR3C4

**Dilution** WB~~1/500 - 1/2000 E~~N/A

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions** AR Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or

therapeutic procedures.

#### **Protein Information**

Name AR

Synonyms DHTR, NR3C4

**Function** Steroid hormone receptors are ligand-activated transcription factors that

regulate eukaryotic gene expression and affect cellular proliferation and differentiation in target tissues (PubMed:19022849). Transcription factor activity is modulated by bound coactivator and corepressor proteins like ZBTB7A that recruits NCOR1 and NCOR2 to the androgen response elements/ARE on target genes, negatively regulating androgen receptor signaling and androgen-induced cell proliferation (PubMed:20812024). Transcription activation is also down-regulated by NROB2. Activated, but not

phosphorylated, by HIPK3 and ZIPK/DAPK3.

**Cellular Location** Nucleus. Cytoplasm Note=Detected at the promoter of target genes

(PubMed:25091737) Predominantly cytoplasmic in unligated form but translocates to the nucleus upon ligand-binding. Can also translocate to the

nucleus in unligated form in the presence of RACK1.

**Tissue Location** [Isoform 2]: Mainly expressed in heart and skeletal muscle.

### References

1. Cancer Res. 2006 Nov 15;66(22):11077-83. 2. Mol Cell Biol. 2007 Oct;27(20):7125-42.

## **Images**

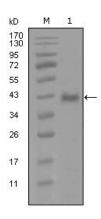


Figure 1: Western blot analysis using AR mouse mAb against truncated Trx-AR recombinant protein (1).

 $Please\ note: All\ products\ are\ 'FOR\ RESEARCH\ USE\ ONLY.\ NOT\ FOR\ USE\ IN\ DIAGNOSTIC\ OR\ THERAPEUTIC\ PROCEDURES'.$