

CD3 Antibody

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody
Catalog # AO1035a

Product Information

Application	ICC, E
Primary Accession	P20963
Reactivity	Human
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Clone Names	4D10A6
Isotype	IgG2a
Calculated MW	18696
Description	CD3 is a component of T cell surface receptor (TCR), it contains 5 invariable chains: gamma-, delta-, epsilon-, and zeta/eta. Clevers et al. (1988) showed the TCR/CD3 complex consists of either a TCR alpha/beta or TCR gamma/delta heterodimer coexpressed at the cell surface with the invariant subunits, CD3 is responsible for the signal transduction of the TCR.
Immunogen	Purified recombinant fragment of human CD3 expressed in E. Coli.
Formulation	Purified antibody in PBS containing 0.03% sodium azide.

Additional Information

Gene ID	919
Other Names	T-cell surface glycoprotein CD3 zeta chain, T-cell receptor T3 zeta chain, CD247, CD247, CD3Z, T3Z, TCRZ
Dilution	ICC~~N/A E~~N/A
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	CD3 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	CD247
Synonyms	CD3Z, T3Z, TCRZ
Function	Part of the TCR-CD3 complex present on T-lymphocyte cell surface that plays

an essential role in adaptive immune response. When antigen presenting cells (APCs) activate T-cell receptor (TCR), TCR- mediated signals are transmitted across the cell membrane by the CD3 chains CD3D, CD3E, CD3G and CD247/CD3Z. All CD3 chains contain immunoreceptor tyrosine-based activation motifs (ITAMs) in their cytoplasmic domain. Upon TCR engagement, these motifs become phosphorylated by Src family protein tyrosine kinases LCK and FYN, resulting in the activation of downstream signaling pathways (PubMed:[1384049](#), PubMed:[1385158](#), PubMed:[2470098](#), PubMed:[7509083](#)). CD247/CD3Z ITAMs phosphorylation creates multiple docking sites for the protein kinase ZAP70 leading to ZAP70 phosphorylation and its conversion into a catalytically active enzyme (PubMed:[7509083](#)). Plays an important role in intrathymic T-cell differentiation. Additionally, participates in the activity-dependent synapse formation of retinal ganglion cells (RGCs) in both the retina and dorsal lateral geniculate nucleus (dLGN) (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P24161}; Single-pass type I membrane protein

Tissue Location

Expressed in normal lymphoid tissue and in peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMCs) (PubMed:11722641)

References

1. Clevers, H. Annu. Rev. 1988. Immun. 6: 629-662.

Images

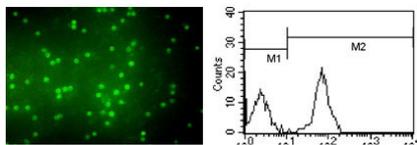


Figure 1: Immunofluorescence analysis of peripheral blood T cells using CD3 mouse mAb (A) and flow cytometric analysis of eripheral blood T cells using CD3 mouse mAb (B).

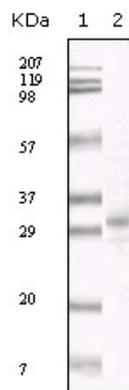


Figure 1: Western blot analysis using KSHV ORF26 mouse mAb against TPA induced BCBL-1 cell lysate.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.