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# Anti-B-Raf (S446) [C-Raf (S338)/A-Raf (S299)], Phosphospecific Antibody

Catalog # AN1932

#### **Product Information**

Application WB
Primary Accession P15056
Host Rabbit

**Clonality** Rabbit Polyclonal

**Isotype** IgG **Calculated MW** 84437

#### **Additional Information**

Gene ID 673

**Other Names** Serine/threonine-protein kinase B-raf, 2.7.11.1, Proto-oncogene B-Raf, p94,

v-Raf murine sarcoma viral oncogene homolog B1, BRAF (HGNC:1097), BRAF1,

RAFB1

**Dilution** WB~~1:1000

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions** Anti-B-Raf (S446) [C-Raf (S338)/A-Raf (S299)], Phosphospecific Antibody is for

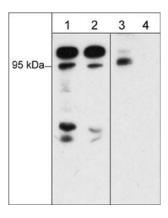
research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**Shipping** Blue Ice

## **Background**

The Ras-Raf-MAP kinase signaling pathway is involved in control of cell proliferation and differentiation. The Raf kinase family includes A-Raf, B-Raf, and C-Raf. Each family member has three highly conserved regions (CR1-3). The N-terminal CR1 contains the Ras-GTP-binding domain. The CR2 contains a negative regulatory serine residue (C-Raf (S259)/B-Raf(S365)) that may bind 14-3-3 proteins. The CR3 is the catalytic domain that contains phosphorylation sites for Raf-regulating enzymes within two segments, the N-region and the activation segment. Activation of C-Raf involves phosphorylation at many sites including Ser-338, Tyr-341, and multiple catalytic domain sites. In B-Raf, multiple phosphorylation sites have been identified, but their specific roles are uncertain. Phosphorylation of Ser-446 may prime B-Raf for activation, and Ser-446 and/or Ser-447 phosphorylation may be critical for B-Raf biological activity during PC12 differentiation. Ser-579 is required for growth factor activation and kinase activity. Thus, multiple sites of phosphorylation within Rafs may be important for regulation of their activity.

### **Images**



Western blot of human Jurkat cells treated with calyculin A (100 nM) for 30 min. The blots were untreated (lanes 1 & 3) or treated (lanes 2 & 4) with lambda phosphatase and probed with anti-B-Raf (N-terminus) (lanes 1 & 2) or anti-B-Raf (Ser-446) (lanes 3 & 4).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.