

# Anti-Phosphothreonine Antibody

Catalog # AN1900

#### **Product Information**

**Application** WB, ICC, IP

Primary Accession N/A
Host Rabbit

**Clonality** Rabbit Polyclonal

**Isotype** IgG

#### **Additional Information**

Other Names Phosphoser/thr mAb

**Dilution** WB~~1:1000 ICC~~N/A IP~~N/A

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions** Anti-Phosphothreonine Antibody is for research use only and not for use in

diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

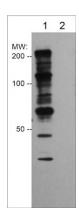
Shipping Blue Ice

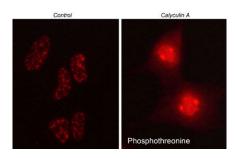
## **Background**

Phosphorylation of specific serine or threonine residues is an important post-translational modification for regulating the activity of most proteins. Stimulation of a variety of cell signaling pathways activates the receptor and non-receptor ser/thr kinases that mediate these protein modifications. Antibodies that can detect phosphoserine or phosphothreonine residues are excellent tools for characterizing changes in the post-translational state of a broad range of phosphorylated proteins. Immunoprecipitation of proteins of interest followed by detection of phosphoserine or phosphothreonine using anti-phosphoserine antibody is commonly used to correlate changes in phosphorylation state with alterations in protein activity

### **Images**

Western blot of human A431 cells treated with Calyculin A (100 nM) for 30 min. The blot was untreated (lane 1) or treated with lambda phosphatase (lanes 2), then probed with anti-Phosphothreonine (AN1900) at 1:1000.





Immunocytochemical labeling of phosphothreonine upregulation in control (left) or calyculin A-treated HeLa cells (right). The cells were labeled with rabbit polyclonal anti-Phosphothreonine (AN1900). The antibody was detected using goat anti-rabbit DyLight® 594.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.