

Goat anti-GAPDH (C Terminus) Loading Control, biotinylated Antibody

Peptide-affinity purified goat antibody
Catalog # AF4352a

Product Information

Application	WB, Pep-ELISA
Primary Accession	P04406
Other Accession	NP_002037.2
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Pig, Dog
Host	Goat
Clonality	Polyclonal
Clone Names	GAPDH
Calculated MW	36053

Additional Information

Gene ID	2597
Other Names	GAPDH; glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase; G3PD; GAPD; HEL-S-162eP; aging-associated gene 9 protein; epididymis secretory sperm binding protein Li 162eP; peptidyl-cysteine S-nitrosylase GAPDH
Dilution	WB~1:1000 Pep-ELISA~N/A
Format	Supplied at 0.5 mg/ml in Tris saline, 0.02% sodium azide, pH7.3 with 0.5% bovine serum albumin. Aliquot and store at -20°C. Minimize freezing and thawing.
Immunogen	GAPDH is constitutively expressed in almost all tissues at high levels. It is therefore a useful marker when a loading/positive control is required in western blotting.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	Goat anti-GAPDH (C Terminus) Loading Control, biotinylated Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	GAPDH {ECO:0000303 PubMed:2987855, ECO:0000312 HGNC:HGNC:4141}
Function	Catalyzes the conversion of D-glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate (G3P) into 3-phospho-D-glyceroyl phosphate in glycolysis and the reverse reaction in

gluconeogenesis (PubMed:[11724794](#), PubMed:[3170585](#)). Also shows nitrosylase activity, thereby playing a role in nuclear functions (PubMed:[11724794](#), PubMed:[3170585](#)). Modulates the organization and assembly of the cytoskeleton (By similarity). Facilitates the CHP1- dependent microtubule and membrane associations through its ability to stimulate the binding of CHP1 to microtubules (By similarity). Component of the GAIT (gamma interferon-activated inhibitor of translation) complex which mediates interferon-gamma-induced transcript-selective translation inhibition in inflammation processes (PubMed:[23071094](#)). Upon interferon-gamma treatment assembles into the GAIT complex which binds to stem loop-containing GAIT elements in the 3'-UTR of diverse inflammatory mRNAs (such as ceruloplasmin) and suppresses their translation (PubMed:[23071094](#)). Also plays a role in innate immunity by promoting TNF-induced NF-kappa-B activation and type I interferon production, via interaction with TRAF2 and TRAF3, respectively (PubMed:[23332158](#), PubMed:[27387501](#)). Participates in nuclear events including transcription, RNA transport, DNA replication and apoptosis (By similarity). Nuclear functions are probably due to the nitrosylase activity that mediates cysteine S-nitrosylation of nuclear target proteins such as SIRT1, HDAC2 and PRKDC (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm, cytosol. Nucleus {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P04797}. Cytoplasm, perinuclear region. Membrane Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P04797} Note=Translocates to the nucleus following S-nitrosylation and interaction with SIAH1, which contains a nuclear localization signal (By similarity). Postnuclear and Perinuclear regions (PubMed:12829261) {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P04797, ECO:0000269 | PubMed:12829261}

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.