

TIM3

Mouse Monoclonal antibody(Mab)
Catalog # AD80366

Product Information

Application	IHC-P
Primary Accession	Q8TDQ0
Reactivity	Human
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Clone Names	649L4T6
Calculated MW	33394

Additional Information

Gene ID	84868
Other Names	Hepatitis A virus cellular receptor 2, HAVcr-2, T-cell immunoglobulin and mucin domain-containing protein 3, TIMD-3, T-cell immunoglobulin mucin receptor 3, TIM-3, T-cell membrane protein 3, CD366, HAVCR2, TIM3, TIMD3
Dilution	IHC-P~N/A
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C.

Protein Information

Name	HAVCR2
Synonyms	TIM3, TIMD3
Function	Cell surface receptor implicated in modulating innate and adaptive immune responses. Generally accepted to have an inhibiting function. Reports on stimulating functions suggest that the activity may be influenced by the cellular context and/or the respective ligand (PubMed: 24825777). Regulates macrophage activation (PubMed: 11823861). Inhibits T-helper type 1 lymphocyte (Th1)-mediated auto- and alloimmune responses and promotes immunological tolerance (PubMed: 14556005). In CD8+ cells attenuates TCR-induced signaling, specifically by blocking NF-kappaB and NFAT promoter activities resulting in the loss of IL-2 secretion. The function may implicate its association with LCK proposed to impair phosphorylation of TCR subunits, and/or LGALS9-dependent recruitment of PTPRC to the immunological synapse (PubMed: 24337741 , PubMed: 26492563). In contrast, shown to activate TCR-induced signaling in T-cells probably implicating ZAP70, LCP2, LCK and FYN (By similarity). Expressed on Treg cells can inhibit Th17 cell responses (PubMed: 24838857). Receptor for LGALS9 (PubMed: 16286920 , PubMed: 24337741). Binding to LGALS9 is believed to result in suppression of T-cell responses; the resulting apoptosis of antigen- specific cells may

implicate HAVCR2 phosphorylation and disruption of its association with BAG6. Binding to LGALS9 is proposed to be involved in innate immune response to intracellular pathogens. Expressed on Th1 cells interacts with LGALS9 expressed on *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*- infected macrophages to stimulate antibacterial activity including IL-1 beta secretion and to restrict intracellular bacterial growth (By similarity). However, the function as receptor for LGALS9 has been challenged (PubMed:[23555261](#)). Also reported to enhance CD8+ T-cell responses to an acute infection such as by *Listeria monocytogenes* (By similarity). Receptor for phosphatidylserine (PtSer); PtSer-binding is calcium-dependent. May recognize PtSer on apoptotic cells leading to their phagocytosis. Mediates the engulfment of apoptotic cells by dendritic cells. Expressed on T-cells, promotes conjugation but not engulfment of apoptotic cells. Expressed on dendritic cells (DCs) positively regulates innate immune response and in synergy with Toll- like receptors promotes secretion of TNF. In tumor-infiltrating DCs suppresses nucleic acid-mediated innate immune response by interaction with HMGB1 and interfering with nucleic acid-sensing and trafficking of nucleic acids to endosomes (By similarity). Expressed on natural killer (NK) cells acts as a coreceptor to enhance IFN-gamma production in response to LGALS9 (PubMed:[22323453](#)). In contrast, shown to suppress NK cell-mediated cytotoxicity (PubMed:[22383801](#)). Negatively regulates NK cell function in LPS-induced endotoxic shock (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Cell junction. Cell membrane. Note=Localizes to the immunological synapse between CD8+ T-cells and target cells

Tissue Location

Expressed in T-helper type 1 (Th1) lymphocytes. Expressed on regulatory T (Treg) cells after TCR stimulation. Expressed in dendritic cells and natural killer (NK) cells. Expressed in epithelial tissues. Expression is increased on CD4+ and CD8+ T-cells in chronic hepatitis C virus (HCV) infection. In progressive HIV-1 infection, expression is up-regulated on HIV-1-specific CD8 T-cells

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